

Modern Stages and Perspectives of Safe Tourism Policies in Uzbekistan

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Abstract— Today tourism is one of the fastest growing industries. By developing this area, it is possible to encourage the dialogue of different countries, to preserve the historically established cultural environment, to strengthen cultural ties between nations and peoples on the basis of common national traditions and customs, and to further strengthen inter-cultural cooperation. The article describes the tourism sector in Uzbekistan, perspectives of development of safe tourism, the work carried in the Republic.

Keywords — Crescent Rating, Tourism, Safe City, Global Muslim, Travel Index, Islamophobia

I. INTRODUCTION

All governments should strive to strengthen peace and security at the national, regional and international levels, which is a prerequisite for the development of local and international tourism [1]. Currently, there is a rapid development of tourism around the world. It goes along with the development of society, which is predetermined by desires and needs. Tourism, as a socio-economic phenomenon, combines the market aspects of economic relations and socially-oriented goals of the development of society.

Today, tourism has become one of the leading sectors of the world economy. It serves the interests of both the individual and society as a whole and is a source of income at the micro and macroeconomic levels.

Tourism has become a large independent economic complex of any country, consisting of a group of industries and enterprises whose main task is to satisfy the diverse and complicating demand for various types of services provided to tourists. At the present stage, the development of local tourism is especially relevant. There are arguments for this.

II. REVIEW STAGE

Complicated and unsafe international environment; crisis phenomena in the economy; fluctuations in the foreign

exchange market; low incomes that do not allow expensive foreign tours - all this is a "push" for the development of local tourism in Uzbekistan.

Local tourism has several advantages:

- Cheaper - there is no need for expenses for international air tickets, for visas;
- Lack of problems with the language barrier;
- Safety of rest is also of no small importance - within the borders of one's own country, a tourist is always in less danger than outside;
- More "mobile", no need to spend a lot of time planning holidays, but you can go on a trip at any convenient time.

The development of local tourism will allow solving many social and economic problems of Uzbekistan: improving the welfare of the country's regions, ensuring employment in the regions, as well as improving the existing infrastructure of the regions. The solution of these problems will help in the future to develop local tourism in Uzbekistan, acting as a catalyst for the development of related sectors of the economy.

Uzbekistan is not in vain called the "Central Asian Switzerland." This is a country with a diverse natural and recreational potential, and no less rich cultural potential. Travel services are a very complex activity, covering many

sectors of the economy. Without their planning, unexpected and unwanted events. Moreover, in many countries, tourism is still relatively new activity. Some governments, and often private sector, have insufficient or negligible experience in the field of proper tourism development. In those countries in which tourism has not yet reached significant scale, planning can serve as a prerequisite for its development. AT places where tourism is already developed to a certain extent, tourism services often necessary to revitalize the sector and maintain its viability in the future [2].

For decades, tourism has undergone constant growth and deepening to become one of the fastest growing industries in the world. Modern tourism is closely linked to development and embraces many new directions. This dynamic has made tourism a key factor in socio-economic development.

Today, the business of tourism exceeds oil exports, food or automotive exports. Tourism is becoming a major player in international commerce and is currently one of the major sources of income for many developing countries.

Adoption of the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated December 2, 2016 № PF-4861 "On measures to ensure rapid development of the tourism industry of the Republic of Uzbekistan" has provided a solid foundation for the promotion of tourism in our country. For decades, tourism has undergone constant growth and deepening to become one of the fastest growing industries in the world. Modern tourism is closely linked to development and embraces many new directions. This dynamic has made tourism a key factor in socio-economic development. Today, the business of tourism exceeds oil exports, food or automotive exports. Tourism is becoming a major player in international commerce and is currently one of the major sources of income for many developing countries.

The interconnection of cultures and nations in the modern world has created unique phenomena that make a great contribution to the development of time and space. Factors of interethnic tolerance and integration are becoming a factor in the economic, political, and international cooperation of each country.

In this Decree, the President noted that the implementation of comprehensive measures to ensure the life and health of tourists and tourists in the organization of tourism services, first of all, in the places of tourists' accommodation, catering points, movement through the territory of the Republic, organization of visits to tourist facilities [3]; Such issues are an important factor in the dynamic development of the tourism industry. In recent

years, Uzbekistan has done a great job in the tourism sector, in particular, the organization of safe tourism, with a systematic work to ensure the well-being of tourists returning to their homeland with great security and impressions. In accordance with the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated April 12, 2017 № PP-2883, comprehensive provision of tourist safety in our country is defined in paragraph 11 of this Law as a specific area of MIA activity.

Now office: in the field of providing safe tourism:

a) Maintaining public order on the territory of tourist demonstration facilities and infrastructure, ensuring the early prevention of offenses and crime prevention;

b) Ensuring timely implementation of tourist information on potential threats, as well as providing ambulance to them in protecting their rights and legitimate interests;

c) Ensuring public safety in road, rail and air transport infrastructure;

d) Detection and elimination of illegal activities of individuals and legal entities using tourism destinations for criminal purposes;

e) Creating conditions for safe travel of tourists, including measures to maintain public order in public catering and leisure areas, as well as for mass cultural and entertainment activities[4].

We know from historical sources that long before the Great Silk Road existed, there were ways of interchange between the ancient East and Central Asia. One of these roads in the Bronze Age (III-II millennium BC) was called the "Logojard Road", one of them connected the territories of Badakhshan, Bactria and Margiana with Khorezm, Soghd, present-day Central Kazakhstan and Ural, and another. Extending from Margiana to Mesopotamia. The route began with the Pamir Mountains and passed through Iran, Asia Minor, Egypt.

The development of the Central Asian region has been associated with the Great Silk Road since ancient times. Specifically, BC a Since the II century trade and cultural relations with China and Central Asian historical and cultural regions have been developing. With the development of the caravan route, trade and commerce and cultural art developed through it. He also made a significant contribution to the exchange of cultures, along with political communication. Naturally, the cultural ties between nations and countries have been strengthened and integration processes have begun to emerge. These processes were not only a source of

material and spiritual wealth, but also an important factor in the expansion and development of cultural diversity. In addition, in accordance with the reforms in tourism development in the Republic of Uzbekistan, the Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers dated November 23, 2017 № 939 was adopted in Bukhara, Samarkand, Khiva and Shakhrisabz with the aim of ensuring the safety of tourist activities. The resolution approved the concept of safe tourism in Bukhara, Samarkand, Khiva and Shakhrisabz and envisaged the introduction of a single hardware and software complex "Safe City".

A safe travel environment is the key to attracting any tourist to your destination. In recent years, security concerns have increased among travelers. In addition to general security concerns, Muslim travelers are also concerned that Islamophobia is on the rise in a number of areas. The safe travel environment is calculated from the perspective of a Muslim traveler. These travel warnings cover not only the overall safety of the country but also other factors such as natural disasters and health epidemics. Muslim passenger safety indicators are undergoing extensive online surveys to investigate what happened to Muslims. The world-famous company Crescent Rating was founded in 2008 and is the leading organization in the field of honest friendly travel and tourism. This company organizes Muslim travelers around the world. The campaign draws up an annual ranking on the Halal Tourism Index. The rating includes 130 countries, with 11 of the main criteria making up the rating. The Global Muslim Travel Index ranked 28th in the ranking of halal tourism in 2017. Its "Safe Travel environment score" is assigned a score of 84.0 on the 100-point scale in "Safe Travel Environment Assessment" [5]. As you can see, a lot of good work has been done in the tourism sector in Uzbekistan in recent years. Further development of the industry is considered as an important factor in improving the living standards of the population, meeting its modern requirements and improving the service sector.

In recent years, our country has undergone a number of reforms in political and cultural spheres. Decrees and decisions are adopted to support and further develop these areas in line with the modern spirit. In particular, in the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated November 28, 2018 № 4038 "On approval of the concept of further development of national culture", the establishment and development of mutually beneficial international relations in the cultural sphere, and the view of national culture as an integral part of world culture. To pay special attention to the respect for their rights; task set. It is obvious that the development of international relations not only in the

political sphere, but also in the cultural sphere, it is necessary to strengthen cultural ties on the basis of equality with the civilized countries.

Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated November 1, 2018 № 3990 "About conducting the International Festival of Crafts" from November 1, 2018 of No. 3991 and the Cabinet of Ministers of November 27, 2018 960 "On organizational measures for holding the festival."

Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated November 1, 2018 "On conducting the International Folk Music Festival" The Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of May 18, 2018 № 371 One of them is the decision number 304. Over 160 representatives from 74 countries took part in the first International Festival of Goodwill Art in our country. As of August 20, 299 guests from 75 countries, including 199 craftsmen from 29 countries from 70 countries, 30 industry scholars from 24 countries, 35 high-ranking guests from 14 countries, were invited to attend. 20 organizations from 12 countries are registered. For the purpose of further development of local tourism and more family travel, according to the Decision of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan №11 dated February 9, 2018, the order of studying in primary schools of the Republic is 5 days.

This is due to the fact that parents have family vacations with their children, to develop affection between them, and to create family traditions: "On the proposal of the Republican Council on Coordination of the Activities of the Ministries of Public Education, Health and Self-Government Bodies, starting from March 1, 2018, the 1st, 2nd and 3rd, 4th and 4th grades of all secondary schools the duration of the school week is 5 days. Elementary students can take part in Saturday's weekly activities based on their interests and wishes. The important thing is that now parents can have a family vacation with their children. It will allow family travel through cultural and historical sites to enhance the love between parents and children. Being with them, traveling to museums for ancient monuments, we should make them feel a love for the country, and also to preserve our ancestors' heritage and feel proud of them.

It is advisable for students to take vacations on weekends or in a specific part of the learning process to visit historical sites: sacred sites and museums. Because the student will never forget what he saw with his hands during the tour. Ancient monuments can be found in almost every part of the country today. Only a travel organizer, whether a teacher or a parent, is well-versed in the history of the excursion and must be able to explain the subject in a simple, straightforward and

fluent way to children. Only then can we achieve the goal of a tour. Otherwise it will be no different than just a fun trip. Such tours can be arranged not only at museums and ancient monuments, but also at libraries and information resource centers. After the independence of Uzbekistan, as in all spheres, great attention is paid to the preservation and reconstruction of our ancient places of worship. These figures show that intercultural dialogue and integration processes are increasingly developing in Uzbekistan to enhance the tourism potential.

III. CONCLUSION

At the initiative of the head of our state, Shavkat Mirziyoyev has also been awarded international status at the Folk Music Festival "The Great Silk Road". It is a pleasure for all of us" in his speech at the ceremonial ceremony.

However, it should be noted that there are a number of problems in the development of local tourism in the Uzbekistan.

1. Today's tourist is very demanding, moody, because he is informed. In the end, for the same money, the choice of our tourist will stop on foreign holidays. In this regard, the problem of mass-oriented accommodation facilities is traced. Today's accommodation facilities, which are available, either have a fairly high cost, or do not meet sanitary and other standards.

2. Low level of transport and hotel infrastructure, service, which ultimately leads to overpricing.

3. Weak development of the regions of Uzbekistan. The potential material base of tourism in the region is high. But, despite this, they are not used enough. The most urgent problem, according to the tourists themselves, is the deplorable state of roads in the country.

4. The low level of tourism culture itself. It is about increasing the level of relations between objects and subjects of the tourism sector.

5. Imperfection of the legislation regarding the development of local tourism at the state and local level.

Thus, it can be stated that the country has significant monuments of nature, history and culture, which will allow in the future to develop local tourism in Uzbekistan. a conclusion may review the main points of the paper, do not replicate the abstract as the conclusion.

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