Administrative-Legal Nature Of The Provision By The Internal Affairs Of Public Order And Security Of Citizens In The Conditions Of Conducting Mass Events

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Abstract – In the article on the study of the norms of national legislation, the opinions of scientists, the analysis of the administrative and legal nature of the provision of public order and security of citizens by the internal affairs bodies in the conditions of mass events is carried out. On the basis of the conducted research, scientifically based proposals and recommendations aimed at improving the provision of public order and safety of citizens by the internal affairs bodies in the conditions of mass events are formulated.


I. INTRODUCTION

In recent years, the Republic of Uzbekistan has become a venue for a large number of large mass events, including those of an international level. The most important condition for their preparation and implementation is to ensure the protection of public order and safety.

State protection and protection of public order acts as the main method of protection and protection of rights and freedoms, along with judicial and legal protection in which all other methods complement the current state system of protection and protection of human rights and freedoms.

II. MEANS AND METHODS OF RESEARCH

In accordance with Article 33 of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan, citizens have the right to carry out their public activities in the form of rallies, meetings and demonstrations in accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Uzbekistan. Authorities have the power to suspend or prohibit these events only for justified security reasons. [1].

One of the main requirements for holding mass events is ensuring the safety of people, respecting their rights and legitimate interests, maintaining reliable public order in the places where they are held. The main subject responsible for organizing and maintaining public order during mass events, in accordance with the current legislation, is the internal affairs bodies.

In accordance with the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan «On measures to radically improve the activities of the internal affairs bodies in the field of public order and public safety», one of the functions of the Main Directorate of the Patrol
Service and Protection of Public Order of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of the Republic of Uzbekistan is to ensure the activities of the internal affairs bodies on timely detection, prevention and suppression of actions directed against public order and public safety, as well as taking measures to detain persons who committed offenses during the preparation and conduct of mass events, in places of mass presence of people, as well as in case of emergencies [2].

Thus, in terms of their content, mass events are social phenomena that generate special conditions for the protection of public order in the territory in which they are held.

A prerequisite for ensuring public order and security during mass events is a clear legal regulation of the procedure for their organization and conduct, as well as the actions of state authorities and local self-government of citizens aimed at preventing, suppressing violations of this order, bringing to justice the perpetrators.

As noted by the foreign scientist I.I. Veremeenko, public order and public safety are different types of social relations, between which there is a close relationship: each of these groups of relations is a condition for the existence of the other. In addition, the content of public order and public safety coincides in the part in which the relevant public relations ensure respect for the honor and dignity of the individual, public and personal peace, which are among the vital interests of the individual and society.[3, 256 p.]

Public order and public safety are essential elements of the state security system. These groups of public relations are the most vulnerable in conditions of mass events that generate specific threats to these relations, which necessitates the use of special administrative and legal means of ensuring and protecting them. Despite the fact that different terms are traditionally used in the legislation: “protection” in relation to public order and “provision” in relation to public safety, the content of these types of law enforcement activities is basically the same. The content of the administrative-legal method of protecting public order and ensuring public safety is determined by the subject of administrative law and is the activity of certain subjects, regulated by the norms of administrative law, aimed at normative regulation of public relations by executive authorities; to identify conditions and factors that constitute a threat to public order and public safety, to eliminate them (including the prevention and suppression of illegal actions that infringe on public order and public safety); to exercise administrative jurisdiction in cases of offenses that infringe on public order and public safety.

The protection of public order and ensuring public safety in the context of holding mass events has quite significant features. According to F.P. Vasiliev, the following main features of mass events are distinguished: 1) they initially involve the participation of significant communities (masses) of people (active participation or participation as spectators); 2) are organized mass actions that have specific, predetermined goals, and are carried out at the initiative of certain subjects; 3) are carried out in public places [4, 263 p.]

Thus, mass events, which are organized actions of significant groups (masses) of people, taking place in public places, are one of the most important forms of public activity of citizens. The number of public events held is growing from year to year. At the same time, when they are carried out, the threat of violations of public order, as well as the commission of terrorist acts and other encroachments on public safety, significantly increases, which requires the involvement of significant forces and means to ensure law and order.

So, under the administrative and legal protection of public order and ensuring public safety, one should understand the activity of certain subjects regulated by the norms of administrative law, aimed at: - on the normative regulation of public relations by the executive authorities; - to identify conditions and factors that constitute a threat to public order and public safety, to eliminate them (including the prevention and suppression of illegal actions that infringe on public order and public safety); - to exercise administrative jurisdiction in cases of offenses infringing on public order and public safety.

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III. FINDINGS

Thus, ensuring the protection of public order and security is an important task of the internal affairs bodies. It is the maintenance of public order that is the observance of the rule of law and the prevention of the outbreak of riots in the course of mass events.

The main tasks of the internal affairs bodies when holding mass events are:

1) Ensuring the strict observance of the established rules of conduct by the participants of mass events;
2) Ensuring a successful mass event;
3) Preventing the weakening of the protection of public order in the territory where the event is held;
4) Prevention and suppression of administrative violations of public order, etc.

In order to most effectively solve law enforcement tasks during mass events, it is necessary to coordinate action of all subjects of public order protection and public safety.

REFERENCES
[2] Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On measures to radically improve the activities of the internal affairs bodies in the field of public order and public safety" dated May 1, 2017, No. PP-2940