Youth Pedagogical Principles Generation in International of Educating Level

(In the Case of National-Cultural Centers)

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Abstract - This article explains the importance of pedagogical foundations of educating youth generation in the content of the work of national-cultural centers. This article will contribute to the strengthening of mutual respect and friendship among the representatives of different nationalities living in our country, unity for the common home-Uzbekistan prosperity selfness work in all spheres and industries. As international amicability and compatibility is the key to the country’s development and peace.

Keywords - international, international education, international culture centers, national-cultural centers, peace, development, abundance, prosperity.

The development and prestige of any country depends, first of all, on the peace and harmony of all nations and nationalities living in this country. Peace and harmony among all nationalities, friendship and solidarity among nations which has been one of the key factors determining the state’s prosperity, progress and prestige and most importantly, its future. That’s why both, nationalism and religious tolerance are one of the main ideas of our national ideology.

As the independent Uzbekistan which has a unique potential and reputation in the world, its nation has always been deserved to these ranks. In this country lived great ancestors and great generations. To prove this fact, there are many nations in the world, and there is an ethnic Uzbek with a great past as well. When the people of the world look at Uzbekistan, they realize our national image, dedication to our sacred religion and tolerance as our president SH. Mirziyoyev mentioned: "in order to prioritize a healthy mind and a healthy power of our society we should have a constant action and care about to raise our spiritual life, protect the population, especially, youth from a variety of harmful influences, to educate them to everyday life” this statement has a deep meaning and anticipation to future.

Another example of a wise national policy that has been initiated by our government is that all the nations’ representatives have a great opportunity and the national-cultural center was established in 1989 under the Ministry of Culture.

On january 1, 1992, on the basis of the decree of the Cabinet of Ministers of the republic of Uzbekistan international cultural center was established and it was noted that this center would acts in the three main areas. According to it: there were mentioned to restoration of the language, culture, traditions of every nation living in this area, revival of the past with its historical motherland, to
consider Uzbekistan as their real home country and serve it loyally, to live in friendship with Uzbek nation and to know it’s language, culture, history.

These centers contribute to the peace and calmness of our society, further consolidation of interethnic accord, the development of national and universal traditions, prosperity contributing to a broader propagation of its meaning and essence. Many events, concerts, parties, festivals, contests, conferences are prove of these centers’ activities. Especially, the festivals under the motto of "Uzbekistan is our home", "Homeland is the one, it is unique", "Power is in unity and in compatibility" are have already been the famous holidays representing our multinational people’s friendship.

On May 19, 2017, on the base of the Decree of the President of Republic of Uzbekistan "On measures of further improve of relations of interethnic connections and relations with foreign countries" established the committee on “international relations and relations with foreign countries” under the cabinet of Ministers of Republic of Uzbekistan near the association of Uzbekistan and ICCR (International cultural center of republic).

Today, more than 130 nations and people with equal rights and opportunities for the comprehensive development and mutual enrichment of ethnic identity, language, traditions in the country live in friendship, and harmony. Since the first years of independence, special attention is being paid to the preservation of the values of different religions in the country, the creation of the necessary conditions for the realization of their faith in the country, the further strengthening of religions and interethnic harmony, the development of universal traditions among them. Article 18 of the constitution of the republic of Uzbekistan states: "all citizens of the republic of Uzbekistan have equal rights and freedoms, regardless of gender, race, nationality, language, religion, social origin, convictions, personality or social status" (1-9 pages) is a grand work for further strengthening of peace and harmony among our multinational people.

President SH. Mirziyoyev: “today the peaceful coexistence of representatives of more than 130 nationalities of one of the most important achievements of our country during the years of independence.” Taking into account the role of 137 national cultural centers in our country, strengthening interethnic friendship and reconciliation it will be one of the priorities of our policy in the future. The development of national historical sources, which has been gaining independence over the centuries-old history of friendship, good neighborly relations, humanitarian solidarity, mutual support, and consistent analysis of various aspects of cooperation play a great role in achievement of consolidating the timely understanding of the risks of the conflicts, uniting of all nations and people living in the region, and practical efforts on peace and stability in young generation’s mind.

There is no doubt, many countries are desired for our high humanitarian policy of preserving religious and interethnic harmony, stability, mutual respect, solidarity, tolerance, mercy, compassion, generosity in Uzbekistan. As time goes on these above mentioned features, universalism, tolerance, harmony, peace, enlightenment, high moral characters never lose its vitality as a main principles of civil society development and continue to serve as an important factor in upbringing of a harmoniously developed generation, which is a great future, on a spiritual and moral basis, as a pledge of the progress and prosperity of the country. The basis and priorities of the national policy of the independent Uzbekistan are reflected in the Constitution, in the Declaration of Independence, in the Laws of the country. In particular, article 8 of the constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan states that:" the people of Uzbekistan are the citizens of Uzbekistan, irrespective of their nationality, and serve as a sole source of public authority" [1-6 pages]. Article 18 also establishes the interethnic relations: "all citizens of the Republic of Uzbekistan have equal rights and freedoms, regardless gender, race, nationality, language, religion, social origin, convictions, personality, social status". The fact that this right is reflected in our Basic Law serves as the basis for ensuring the freedom of conscience and religion in our country. As the same time, the law of the Republic of Uzbekistan, "on guarantees of suffrage of electoral rights" and "the citizens of the Republic of Uzbekistan, their social origin, social and property status, race and nationality, sex, education, language, religion, occupation, and regardless of their nature."(article 3).

Article 4 states:" the Republic of Uzbekistan shall respect the languages, customs and traditions of all peoples and nationalities residing on its territory, and shall create conditions for their development"(1-4 pages). Peace and development, prosperity do not came automatically. In order to keep these blessings stable and strong, we need to understand their essence and if necessary, fight for it. To enrich the rich meaning of peace and prosperity, to form the sense of peace and tranquility in the heart of each generation is the duty of each pedagogical leader, every citizen and every parent.
One of the UN's annual holidays is the 21st September International Peace day. It is a great fact that such a date has been put on the place, and that mankind is urged to maintain a great blessing. However, its worrying that new warships will not be extinguished. So the leaders of the Uzbek government has always pointed to the peace that is a great blessing for our people and that it is the realization of the noble call that "peace and tranquility should be ours" which is the essence of our life, will become an urgent task for all of us. The eternal purpose and daily player of the people of Uzbekistan is the only "peace".

Today, under the leadership of President SH. Mirziyoyev established the five directions of the strategy of development of Uzbekistan and the fifth direction-security, inter-ethnic harmony and religious tolerance is successfully being implemented in a large-scale at the modern stage of development. It should be noted that in honor of the 25th anniversary of the establishment of the International Cultural Center, our esteemed president SH. Mirziyoyev has given a new building to use and Bobur park in Tashkent city was given a new name "friendship". It was mentioned that this park would represent the traditions and customs of all nationalities living in Uzbekistan. Currently our country has general educational schools in seven languages: Uzbek, Karakalpak, Russian, Tajik, Kazakh, Kyrgyz, Turkmen. The textbooks and manuals for these schools are prepared and published in this country. Newspapers and magazines are published in these languages. In television series of Uzbekistan there are: "uzbekistan is our common home", "under one flag", "single family", Korean "chinsen", Ukrainian "v dobby hat", Uighur "hope", Kazakh "jetegen" and "country", in Tatar "our heritage", in Kyrgyz "aychurek", in Tajik "mexrangez" and "ranginkanon" programs are produced, such kind of different national cultural programs are produced through radio broadcasts as well.

The UN is the largest international organization united 193 countries and the general Assembly is its main body. Leading countries of the world will take part in the General Assembly. Its known that at the 72nd session of the UN General Assembly more than 170 issues were included. The speeches delivered at the prestigious conference by the president Sh. Mirziyoyev are pride for all our dormitories. These speeches of the president are aimed not only at ensuring the interests of our country, but also for the benefit of the people of the whole world. because in those speeches the president of Uzbekistan not only focused on the large-scale democratic reforms carried out in Uzbekistan, human interests, the interests of our people, but also on topical

REFERENCES